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Discrete Event Systems Exercise 4

1 Regular and Context-Free Languages

- Consider the following context-free grammar $G: S \to SS|1S2|0$. Describe the language L(G) in words, and prove that L(G) is not regular.
- \bullet The regular languages are a subset of the context-free languages. Give the context-free grammar for a language L that is regular.

2 Context-Free Grammars

Give context-free grammars for the following languages over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$:

- $L = \{w | \text{ the length of } w \text{ is odd.} \}$
- $L = \{w | \text{ contains more 1s than 0s.} \}$

3 Pushdown Automata

Consider the following context-free grammar G with non-terminals S and A, start symbol S, terminals '(', ')', and '0': $S \quad \to \quad SA \mid \varepsilon$

 $A \rightarrow (S) \mid 0.$

- a) What are the 4 shortest strings produced by G?
- b) Context-free grammars can be ambiguous. Prove or disprove that G is unambiguous.
- c) Design a push-down automaton M that accepts the language L(G). If possible, make M deterministic.

4 Counter Automaton

A push-down automaton is basically a finite automaton augmented by a stack. Consider a finite automaton that (instead of a stack) has an additional counter C, i.e., a register than can hold a single integer of arbitrary size. Initially, C=0. We call such an automaton a Counter Automaton M. M can only increment or decrement the counter, and test it for 0. Since theoretically, all possible data can be coded into one single integer, a counter automaton has unbounded memory. Further, let L_{count} be the set of languages recognized by counter automata.

- Let L_{reg} be the set of regular languages. Prove that $L_{reg} \in L_{count}$.
- Prove that the opposite is not true, that is, $L_{count} \notin L_{reg}$. Do so by giving a language which is in L_{count} , but not in L_{reg} . Characterize (with words) the kind of languages can a counter automaton recognize, that a finite automaton cannot?
- Which automaton is stronger? A counter automaton or a push-down automaton? Explain your decision.